

Hosp No. :	HKID No.:
Case No. :	
Name :	
DOB :	M / F
Adm Date :	
Contact No.:	

Procedure Information Sheet – Hemiarthroplasty for Hip Fracture

1. Introduction

- 1.1. Femoral neck fracture is a common injury of the elderly. It can occur even by minor trauma. The displaced femoral neck fracture needs surgical intervention. Metallic hemiarthroplasty is a common operation for replacement of the femoral head.
- 1.2. The possible complications of non-treated displaced femoral neck fracture include non-union, mal-union and avascular necrosis of femoral neck. The injured patient may need prolonged bed rest with subsequent complications.

2. Procedural Preparation

- 2.1. Tests may be ordered include blood test, type and screen, X-Ray, Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) or CT scan +/- contrast of the hip before the procedure.
- 2.2. The reason of operation, procedure and possible complications will be explained by the surgeon and consent form will be signed before operation.
- 2.3. Pre-operative anesthetic assessment will be performed. The anesthetic management and its possible risks will be explained by the anesthetist with consent for anesthesia signed.
- 2.4. Inform doctor for any drug allergy, regular medications or other medical conditions.
- 2.5. Do not eat or drink at least 6 hours before operation if under general anesthesia.
- 2.6. Skin preparation such as shaving might be needed.

3. Procedure

- 3.1. The operation will be performed under general or spinal anesthesia.
- 3.2. The surgeon will make an incision on outer side or back side of hip.
- 3.3. Femoral head will then be replaced by a metal implant.
- 3.4. Surgery generally takes 1 to 3 hours.

4. Recovery Phase

- 4.1. Patient will be closely monitored until fully awake in recovery room.
- 4.2. Diet will be resumed when fully conscious.
- 4.3. Wound pain can be minimized by taking and injecting analgesic.
- 4.4. Keep wound clean and dry.
- 4.5. Drainage tube, if any, will be removed once drainage is minimal.
- 4.6. Patient can start sit out and walking exercise after drain removal and X-ray checking.
- 4.7. Once condition is stable, physiotherapy (around 28 weeks) may be considered depending on surgeon's rehabilitation plan.
- 4.8. Wound stitches will be removed around two weeks after the operation.

5. Possible Risks and Complications

- 5.1. There are complications that relate to surgery in general. These include the risks associated with anesthesia, pneumonia, wound infection, damage to nerves and blood vessels, bleeding or blood clots.
- 5.2. The operation might also have to chance leading to sciatic nerve injury, hip dislocation and deep vein thrombosis.
- 5.3. Sometimes, the damage or complication can be severe that it may require another surgery or therapy.

6. Remark

- 6.1. The above-mentioned procedural information is not exhaustive, other unforeseen complications may occur in special patient groups or individual differently. Please contact your physician for further enquiry.



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7. References

- 7.1. Hospital authority. Smart Patients Website.
- 7.2. Rehab protocol for hip arthroplasty. Retrieved from Gleneagles Hong Kong Website.

I acknowledged the above information concerning the operation or procedure. I have also been given the opportunity to ask questions and received adequate explanations concerning the condition and treatment plan.

Patient/ Relative Signature: _____

Patient/ Relative Name: _____

Date: _____

