

# Procedure Information Sheet – Laparoscopic Tubal Occlusion

Hosp No. : HKID No.:

Case No. :

DOB : M/F

Adm Date : Contact No.:

Clinical diagnosis: unwanted fertility

**Indication**: unwanted fertility

## 1. Nature of the operation

- 1.1. General anaesthesia.
- 1.2. Pneumoperitoneum created by insufflation of carbon dioxide.
- 1.3. Incisions made.
- 1.4. Telescope and instruments passed into abdomen.
- 1.5. Local anaesthestic applied to fallopian tubes.
- 1.6. Fallopian tubes interrupted with Falope rings / clips.
- 1.7. Incisions closed.
- 1.8. All tissue removed will be sent to the Department of Pathology or disposed of as appropriate unless otherwise specified.
- 1.9. Photographic and/or video images may be recorded during the operation for education/research purpose. Please inform our staff if you have any objection.

### 2. Benefits of the procedure

2.1. Effective contraception.

#### 3. Other consequences (after the procedure)

- 3.1. No effect on hormonal status in the presence of normal ovaries.
- 3.2. Coitus is not affected.
- 3.3. Irreversible method of contraception unless tubal reanastomosis done.
- 3.4. (May have unrelated menstruation change).

### 4. Risks and complications (may include, but are not limited to the following)

- 4.1. Women who are obese, who have significant pathology, who have undergone previous surgery or who have pre-existing medical conditions must understand that the quoted risks for serious or frequent complications will be increased.
- 4.2. Anaesthetic complications
- 4.3. Serious
  - 4.3.1. Failure to gain entry into the abdomen and to complete the intended procedure, requiring laparotomy
  - 4.3.2. Bleeding, may require blood transfusion
  - 4.3.3. Uterine perforation
  - 4.3.4. Injuries to the bowel, bladder or blood vessels (3 in every 1000, uncommon)
  - 4.3.5. One in every 12000 woman undergoing laparoscopy dies as a result of complications
  - 4.3.6. Pelvic infection
  - 4.3.7. Luteal phase pregnancy (2-3 in every 1000, uncommon)
  - 4.3.8. Hernia at site of entry
  - 4.3.9. Failure, resulting in unplanned pregnancy: the lifetime failure rate is 1 in 200 (uncommon)
  - 4.3.10. The possibility of a future pregnancy occurring in the fallopian tube if failure occurs

### 4.4. Frequent:

- 4.4.1. Shoulder-tip pain
- 4.4.2. Frequency of micturition, dysuria and urinary tract infection



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- 4.4.3. Wound infection, pain, bruising, delayed wound healing or keloid formation
- 4.4.4. Numbness, tingling of or burning sensation around the scar
- 4.4.5. Internal scarring with adhesions

## 5. Risks of not having the procedure

5.1. Unwanted pregnancy

### 6. Possible alternatives

- 6.1. Other methods of contraceptions including oral or injectable hormones, intrauterine device, vasectomy
- 6.2. Others

# 7. Other associated procedures (which may become necessary during the operation)

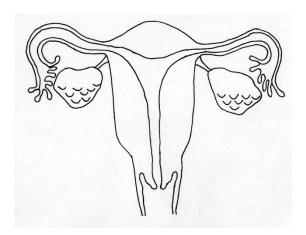
- 7.1. Laparotomy
- 7.2. Repair of damage to bowel, bladder or blood vessels

## 8. Special follow-up issue

8.1. Need to use effective contraception until the next menstrual period.

### 9. Statement of patient

9.1. Procedure(s) which should not be carried out without further discussion.



I acknowledged the above information concerning the operation or procedure. I have also been given the opportunity to ask questions and received adequate explanations concerning the condition and treatment plan.

| Patient/ Relative Signature: |  |
|------------------------------|--|
|------------------------------|--|

Patient/ Relative Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



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